Important things to remember for better data collection

At lambing period note:

- Lambing date
- Unique ID for each lamb (record all the lambs alive and dead)
- Dam and sire ID (if known)
- Number born (1,2,3,4...) → affects milk production
- Sex of the lambs
- Disposal date and reason





During milking season:

How do you milk?

- Milking from day 0
- Milking from day 30
- Mix milking from day 0-30

Note any condition that may affect the milk production: Ewe with mastitis, udder injury...

On the test day record:

- Lactation from 5 to 220 days
- Ideally 5 to 6 tests days recorded/ewe during the lactation (minimum of 4 records)
 - · Test day record date
 - Milk yield AM (kg)/ewe
 - Milk yield PM (kg)/ewe
 - Milk component (Fat, Protein, SCC)/ewe (recommended – evaluation for milk production may be done even if no milk analysis is done)



Other components: Lactose, BHB, Urea

Remember:

- All ewes should be milked during a test day record
- Keep the same milking schedule
- Try to milk the ewes in the same order
- Do not change your management for the test day record
- **No « special treatment »** for some animals (different feeding, more space, more time between milking)
- Always measure milk weights the same way
- Use accurate recording and appropriate tools
- Note the number of milkings per day (once, twice, 3 times...)
- Indicate your data unit (kg, lbs, pint, liters....)



